

Lec 08: Logistic Regression

$$P(y_i | x_i, w)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(y_i = 1 | x_i, w) \\ P(y_i = 0 | x_i, w) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P(y_i = 1 | x_i, w) = \frac{e^{w_1^T x_i}}{e^{w_1^T x_i} + e^{w_2^T x_i}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \varphi e^{w_1^T x_i} \\ \varphi e^{w_2^T x_i} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{1}{e^{w_1^T x_i} + e^{w_2^T x_i}}$$

$$f(w, x_i) = \sigma(w^T x_i) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x_i}}$$
$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

where $w = w_1 - w_2$

Binary LR:

$$W_{LR}^* \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$W_{LR}^* = \operatorname{argmax} \prod_{i=1}^n P(y_i | x_i, w)$$

$$= \operatorname{argmax} \sum_{i=1}^n \log P(y_i | x_i, w)$$

$$= \operatorname{argmin} \left\{ - \sum_{i=1}^n \log P(y_i | x_i, w) \right\}$$

$$NLL_i(w) = -\log P(y_i | x_i, w) \quad : \text{negative log likelihood}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \log P(y_i=1 | x_i, w), y_i=1 \quad \text{or} \quad \log(1 - P(y_i=1 | x_i, w))^{y_i=0}$$

$$-\log P(y_i | x_i, w)$$

$$= -y_i \log[\sigma(w^T x_i)]$$

$$- (1 - y_i) \log[1 - \sigma(w^T x_i)]$$

Cross-entropy loss

$$H(p, q) = - \sum_{x \in X} p(x) \log q(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
NLL_i(w) &= y_i \log(1 + e^{-w^T x_i}) - (1 - y_i) \log\left(\frac{e^{-w^T x_i}}{1 + e^{-w^T x_i}}\right) \\
&= y_i \log(1 + e^{-w^T x_i}) + (1 - y_i) w^T x_i + (1 - y_i) \log(1 + e^{-w^T x_i}) \\
&= \log(1 + e^{-w^T x_i}) + (1 - y_i) w^T x_i
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\nabla_w NLL_i(w) &= -\frac{e^{-w^T x_i}}{1 + e^{-w^T x_i}} \cdot x_i + (1 - y_i) \cdot x_i \in \mathbb{R}^d \\
&= -\left(y_i - \sigma(w^T x_i)\right) x_i
\end{aligned}$$

Apply GD:

$$w_{t+1} \leftarrow w_t - \eta \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla_w NLL_i(w)$$

$$\frac{P(y=1 | \hat{x}, w)}{P(y=0 | \hat{x}, w)} > 1 \rightarrow \hat{y} = 1$$

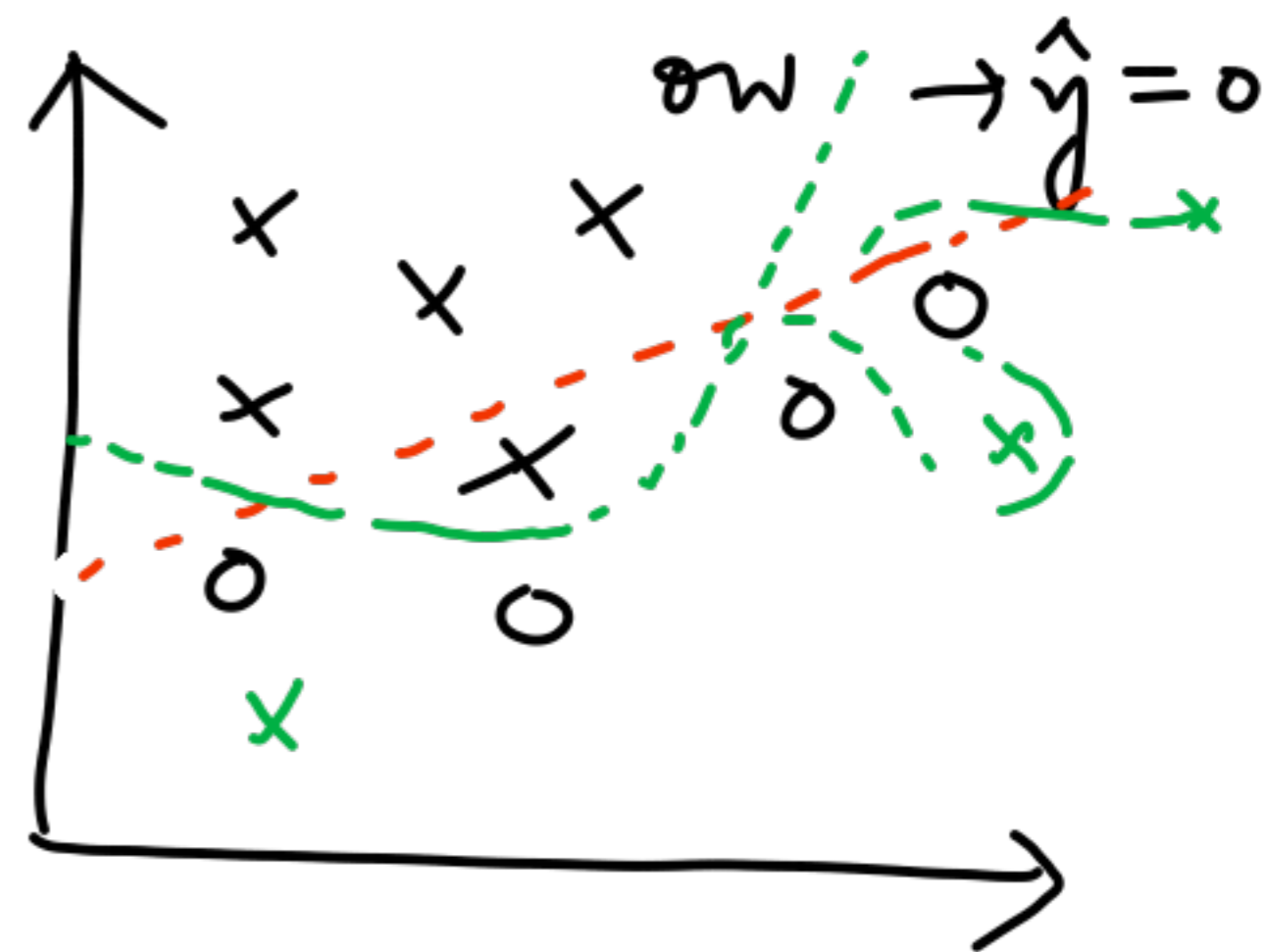
$$0 < \frac{P(y=1 | \hat{x}, w)}{P(y=0 | \hat{x}, w)} < 1 \rightarrow \hat{y} = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} > 1 \rightarrow \hat{y} = 1 \\ 0 < \dots < 1 \rightarrow \hat{y} = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow w^T \hat{x} > 0 \rightarrow \hat{y} = 1$$

Basis functions: $\Phi(x) \rightarrow$

$$\sigma(w^T \phi)$$

$$\underline{w^T \phi > 0}$$

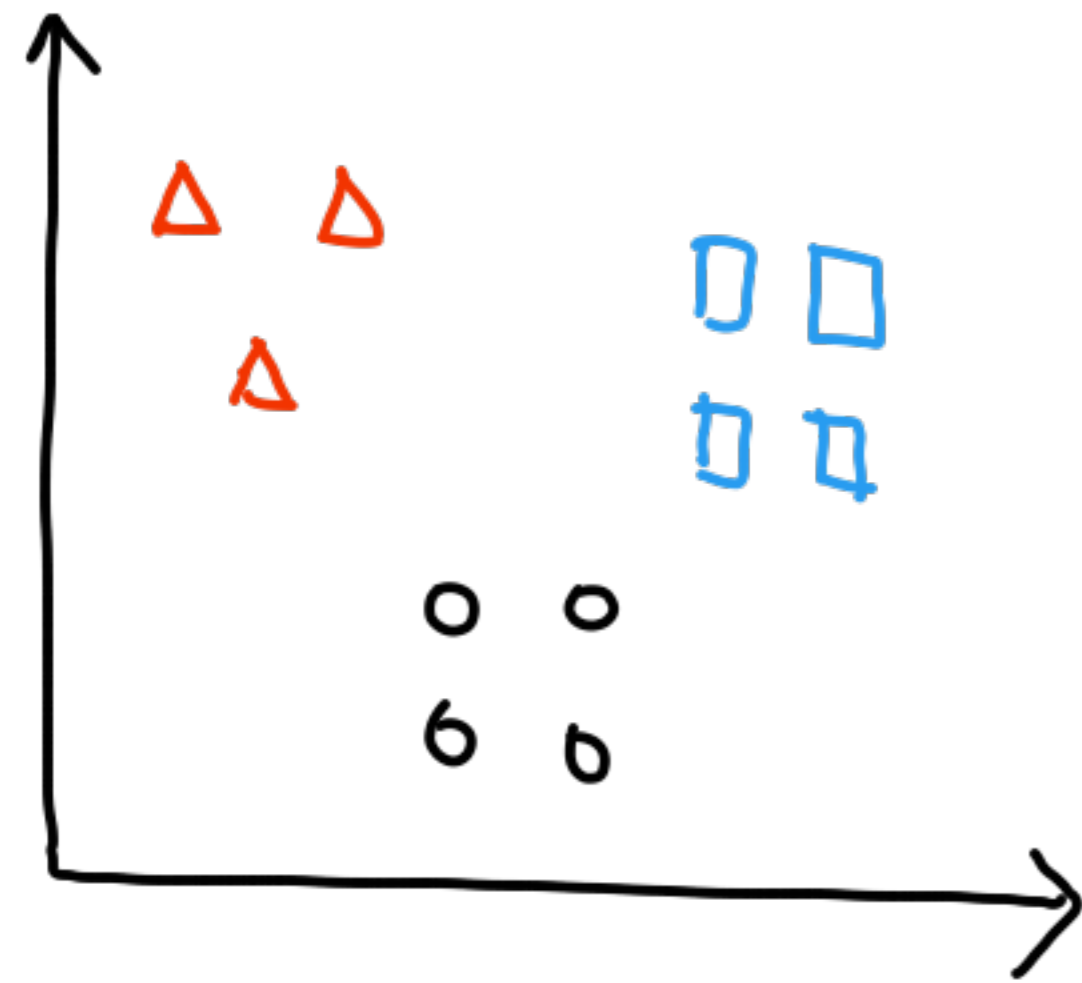


$$NLL_{\text{Reg}}(w) = NLL_{\text{LR}}(w) + \lambda \|w\|^2 : \text{minimize using GD.}$$

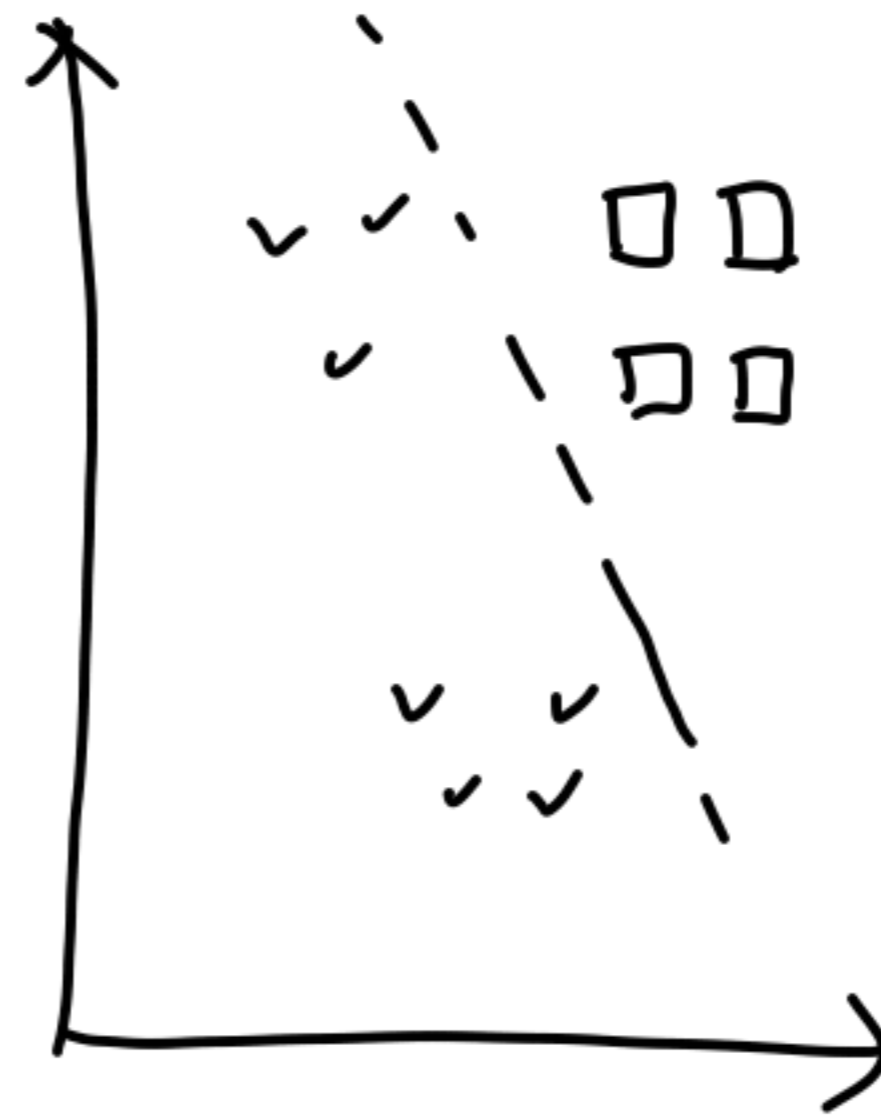
Multi-class classification:

test point \hat{x}

① One-vs-rest classifier



w_1



w_2

Any binary classifier can be used.

$$\sigma(w_1^T \hat{x}) \rightarrow \text{class 1}$$

$$\sigma(w_2^T \hat{x}) \rightarrow \text{class 2}$$

$$\sigma(w_3^T \hat{x}) \rightarrow \text{class 3}$$

Final prediction

$$\hat{y} = \underset{k}{\operatorname{argmax}} \sigma(w_k^T \hat{x})$$

w_3

Softmax Regression

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad e^{w_1^T x} \rightarrow P(y=1|x, w_1) \\ 2 \quad e^{w_2^T x} \rightarrow P(y=2|x, w_2) \\ 3 \quad e^{w_3^T x} \\ \vdots \\ k \quad e^{w_k^T x} \end{array}$$

$$P(y=j|x, w) = \frac{e^{w_j^T x}}{\sum_{i=1}^k e^{w_i^T x}}$$
$$P(y=k|x, w_k)$$

$$f(x, W) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(y=1|x, w) \\ P(y=2|x, w) \\ \vdots \\ P(y=k|x, w) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^k e^{w_j^T x}}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \varphi e^{w_1^T x} \\ \vdots \\ \varphi e^{w_k^T x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \text{Softmax}(x, w)$$

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} - & w_1^T & - \\ - & w_2^T & - \\ & \vdots & \\ - & w_k^T & - \end{bmatrix}_{K \times d}$$

$$NLL(W) = - \sum_{i=1}^n \log P(y_i | x_i, W)$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^K \mathbb{I}\{y_i = k\} \log \frac{e^{w_k^T x}}{\sum_{j=1}^K e^{w_j^T x}}$$

indicator { }

$$NLL_i(W) = - \sum_{k=1}^K \mathbb{I}\{y_i = k\} \left[w_k^T x - \log \sum_{j=1}^K e^{w_j^T x} \right]$$

$$- \nabla_{w_k} NLL_i(W) = \begin{cases} x - \frac{e^{w_k^T x}}{\sum e^{w_j^T x}} \cdot x ; & y_i = k \\ - \frac{e^{w_k^T x}}{\sum e^{w_j^T x}} \cdot x ; & y_i \neq k \end{cases}$$

$$\nabla_{w_k} \text{NLL}_i(w) = - \left[\prod_{\{y_i = k\}} - f_k(x, w) \right] \cdot x$$

$y_i \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots, k\}$

$$\nabla_{w_k} \text{NLL}(w) = \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla_{w_k} \text{NLL}_i(w)$$

$y_i^{(k)}$

$y_i = [0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]$: one-hot representation

$y_i^{(k)}$

GD Step

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dots & w_1^T & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \dots & w_k^T & \dots \end{bmatrix}_{t+1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dots & w_1^T & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \dots & w_k^T & \dots \end{bmatrix}_t$$

$$- \eta \begin{bmatrix} \dots & \nabla_{w_1} \text{NLL}(w) & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \dots & \nabla_{w_k} \text{NLL}(w) & \dots \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow W^*$$

NB vs LR

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{argmax}_y \frac{P(Y=y)}{\prod_{i=1}^d P(x_i | Y=y)} : \text{Naive Bayes} \\ \begin{array}{l} \uparrow \\ \text{infer class distribution} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} \underbrace{\hspace{10em}} \\ \text{infer data distribution} \end{array} \end{array} \right.$$

Generative models

Logistic regression $\rightarrow \operatorname{argmax}_y P(y | x, w) \rightarrow$ Discriminative models.

Gaussian Naive Bayes: Special case of LR

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{y_k} P(Y=y_k) \prod_{i=1}^d P(x_i | Y=y_k)$$

HW: find w_0, w_j 's

$$P(x_j | y_k) \sim N(\mu_{jk}, \sigma_{jk}^2)$$

↑
continuous

① x_i, x_j are conditionally indept.

② $P(y=1) = \pi$, $P(y=0) = 1 - \pi$

③ $\left. \begin{array}{l} P(x_i | y=0) \\ P(x_i | y=1) \end{array} \right\} \sim N(\mu_{i0}, \sigma_i^2)$
 $\sim N(\mu_{i1}, \sigma_i^2)$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{P(y_i=1 | x)}{P(x | y_i=1) P(y_i=1)} \\ &= \frac{P(x | y_i=1) P(y_i=1)}{P(x | y_i=1) P(y_i=1) + \dots + P(x | y_i=0) P(y_i=0)} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + \exp\{w_0 + \sum w_j x_j\}} \end{aligned}$$

